WHEREAS, USET Sovereignty Protection Fund (USET SPF) is an intertribal organization comprised of twenty-six (26) federally recognized Tribal Nations; and

WHEREAS, the actions taken by the USET SPF Board of Directors officially represent the intentions of each member Tribal Nation, as the Board of Directors comprises delegates from the member Tribal Nation’s leadership; and

WHEREAS, in 2003, the United States (U.S.) Commission on Civil Rights issued a report entitled, “A Quiet Crisis: Federal Funding & Unmet Need in Indian Country;” and

WHEREAS, the 2003 report revealed that federal funding directed to Tribal citizens through programs at these agencies has not been sufficient to address the basic and very urgent needs of indigenous peoples, in spite of a legal trust obligation that includes a fiduciary responsibility; and

WHEREAS, among the myriad unfulfilled obligations were: health care, education, public safety, housing, and rural development, with the Commission finding that significant disparities in federal funding exist between Native Americans and other groups in our nation, as well as the U.S. general population; and

WHEREAS, although the 2003 report revealed major failures in federal spending, many federal Indian programs remain severely underfunded, including the Indian Health Service and the Bureau of Indian Affairs; and

WHEREAS, the U.S. Commission on Civil Rights is working to update the “Quiet Crisis” report, which will provide vital information and statistics on the continued underfunding of federal Indian programs; and

WHEREAS, USET SPF has, through member Tribal Nation interaction, research, and advocacy, identified a number of areas that warrant further investigation via the updated “Quiet Crisis” report; and

WHEREAS, these priority areas are as follows:

1. The need to fully fund the Trust obligation, regardless of whether a Tribal Nation chooses Direct Service, or Indian Self Determination Education and Assistance Act (ISDEAA) contracting, or compacting as its funding delivery mechanism;

2. Examination of a discrepancy between the amount of federal funding that Tribal advocates believe is received by Tribal Nations and the amount the Office of Management and Budget claims is distributed within Indian Country;
3. The expansion of contracting and compacting under the ISDEAA as fulfillment of trust obligations and a recognition of Tribal Nation sovereignty over the competitive grant process;

4. Fulfillment of the trust obligation via mandatory federal spending;

5. A reduction in reporting requirements associated with federal funding to Tribal Nations and ensuring that any necessary reporting requirements are measuring Nation rebuilding as opposed to other metrics;

6. Evaluation of the enormous potential benefits of establishing a legal framework that incentivizes dollars generated within Indian Country to remain in Indian Country;

7. The need for the U.S. to adhere to the principles of the United Nations Declaration on Indigenous Peoples;

WHEREAS, in December 2010, the United States recognized the rights of its First Peoples through its support of the United Nations Declaration on the Rights of Indigenous Peoples (UNDRIP), whose provisions and principles support and promote the purposes of this resolution; therefore, be it

RESOLVED the USET SPF Board of Directors supports the United States Commission on Civil Rights’ efforts to update the “Quiet Crisis Report”; and, be it further

RESOLVED the USET SPF Board of Directors respectfully requests the United States Commission on Civil Rights include the examination of its priority issues in its update to the “Quiet Crisis” report.

CERTIFICATION

This resolution was duly passed at the USET SPF Impact Week Meeting, at which a quorum was present, in Arlington, VA, February 11, 2016.

Brian Patterson, President
USET Sovereignty Protection Fund

Chief Lynn Malerba, Secretary
USET Sovereignty Protection Fund

“Because there is strength in Unity”